2023 Science Challenger D1 Life Science QUESTIONS

- 1. Which of the following is NOT an organelle?
 - a. Mitochondria
 - b. Golgi Apparatus
 - c. Macrosome
 - d. Peroxisome
- 2. A frog eats a fly in a mangrove swamp. What kind of an animal is a frog?
 - a. Amphibian
 - b. Reptile
 - c. Mammal
 - d. Endotherm
- 3. Which of the following is the most diverse group of organisms?
 - a. Insects
 - b. Animals
 - c. Plants
 - d. Prokaryotes
- 4. What organ system is the heart from?
 - a. Nervous System
 - b. Endocrine System
 - c. Respiratory System
 - d. Cardiovascular System
- 5. How long ago did the first organisms arise?
 - a. Around 9.8 billion years ago
 - b. Around 3.5 billion years ago
 - c. Around 1.23 billion years ago
 - d. Around 753 million years ago
- 6. How many stages of the cell cycle are there?
 - a. 3
 - b. 4
 - c. 5
 - d. 10
- 7. Where does most of the energy for biological processes (ie. photosynthesis) come from?
 - a. Heat From the Earth's Crust
 - b. Heat that was Already Here
 - c. The Sun
 - d. All of the Other Stars in the Vast Galaxy

- 8. What is the theory pertaining to the evolution of the mitochondria and chloroplast called?
 - a. Theory of Evolution
 - b. Theory of Organelle Evolution
 - c. Theory of Organelle Inheritance
 - d. Endosymbiosis Theory
- 9. Which of the following is NOT correct regarding the differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells?
 - a. Eukaryotic cells have membrane bound organelles; prokaryotic cells don't
 - b. Eukaryotic cells primarily use double-stranded DNA; prokaryotic cells primarily use double-stranded RNA
 - c. Eukaryotic cells have linear chromosomes; prokaryotic cells have circular chromosomes
 - d. Eukaryotic cells are typically larger than prokaryotic cells
- 10. Which cells are the most efficient in terms of absorbing nutrients and releasing wastes?
 - a. Big cells, as they have more organelles to help with nutrient/waste exchange
 - b. Small cells, as they have more surface area for nutrient/waste exchange
 - c. Middle-sized cells that are not too large or not too small, adhering to the goldilock's principle of cell homeostasis.
 - d. All cells are equally efficient in terms of absorbing nutrients and expelling waste.
- 11. Extinction has occurred since life on Earth began. Why are scientists so concerned about it now?
 - a. One of the greatest periods of mass extinction is occurring right now
 - b. Extinction is occurring at a pace faster than before
 - c. Human activity is responsible for today's mass extinctions
 - d. All of the above
- 12. What is the movement of water molecules through a semipermeable membrane from an area of lower solute concentration to an area of higher solute concentration? [Solute = particle dissolved in water].
 - a. Osmosis
 - b. Diffusion
 - c. Water Transport
 - d. Absorption
- 13. What is the function of ribosomes in a cell?
 - a. Storing genetic material
 - b. Regulating the cell cycle
 - c. Protein synthesis
 - d. Transporting nutrients/waste

- 14. What does the small intestine do in your body?
 - a. Absorb nutrients from food
 - b. Absorb water from food
 - c. Produce digestive enzymes
 - d. Break down larger molecules
- 15. What are enzymes, and what do they do?
 - a. Large molecules that store genetic information in cells
 - b. Small molecules that provide energy to cells
 - c. Proteins that catalyze chemical reactions in cells
 - d. Carbohydrates that help in cellular communication
- 16. Which of the following accurately describes the process of allosteric regulation?
 - a. Allosteric regulation involves the binding of an activator molecule to the active site of an enzyme, enhancing its activity
 - b. Allosteric regulation occurs when a competitive inhibitor binds to the active site of an enzyme, preventing substrate binding
 - c. Allosteric regulation involves the binding of a regulatory molecule to a site other than the active site of an enzyme, resulting in a conformational change that alters enzyme activity
 - d. Allosteric regulation occurs when an enzyme is irreversibly inhibited through covalent modification of its active site
- 17. What is the function of hemoglobin in humans?
 - a. To transport oxygen
 - b. To receive light waves
 - c. To absorb energy
 - d. To transport bacteria to white blood cells
- 18. Ryan cuts the tail of a rat off and allows the rat to reproduce. Which of the following would be true about its offspring?
 - a. They would be born without a tail
 - b. They would be born with a smaller tail than normal rats
 - c. They would be born without a tail, but will eventually grow one as they get older.
 - d. They would be born with a tail.
- 19. Which of the following is NOT a step in the water cycle?
 - a. Condensation
 - b. Evaporation
 - c. Vaporization
 - d. Surface Runoff
- 20. What do autotrophs do in photosynthesis?
 - a. They produce the carbohydrates necessary using the carbon in CO₂

- b. They obtain energy from the food they consume
- c. They allow produce proteins that allow the plant to absorb water
- d. They create bonds between H_2O and CO_2 which allows the plant to grow
- 21. How many distinct phases are there in the interphase step of the cell cycle?
 - a. 2
 - b. 3
 - c. 4
 - d. 5
- 22. What is responsible for the color of light?
 - a. Speed
 - b. Frequency of the wave
 - c. Altitude
 - d. Wavelength
- 23. All of the following are non-renewable resources except...
 - a. Oil
 - b. Wind energy
 - c. Coal
 - d. Natural Gas
- 24. Where does the electron transport chain of cellular respiration occur?
 - a. The inner membrane of the mitochondria
 - b. The inside of NADH
 - c. The nucleus of atoms
 - d. In the golgi apparatus
- 25. Which of the following is not of the four major organic molecules?
 - a. Nucleic acids
 - b. Lipids
 - c. Carbohydrates
 - d. Organelles
- 26. Binary fission is an example of...
 - a. Cellular Respiration
 - b. Prokaryotic Cell Division
 - c. The Krebb's Cycle
 - d. Eukaryotic Cell Division
- 27. What is the primary reason for wind?
 - a. Tornados and Hurricanes
 - b. The rotation of the Earth on its axis
 - c. The unequal heating of the Earth's surface

- d. The flapping wings of flying animals
- 28. Ryan who has black hair and is tall and Sara who has brown hair and is short have a son. Assuming Mendelian genetics, if Sara's brown hair genes are dominant but short genes are not, what is MOST likely to be true about their son?
 - a. He is tall with brown hair.
 - b. He is tall with black hair
 - c. He is short with brown hair.
 - d. He is short with black hair
- 29. Which is not on the food chain?
 - a. Primary Consumers
 - b. Apex Predators
 - c. Producers
 - d. Reproducer
- 30. What is the process of the chemical breakdown of a substance often used by bacteria, microorganisms, or yeast?
 - a. Photosynthesis
 - b. Meiosis
 - c. Fermentation
 - d. Fertilization